

# SLOVAKIA SLOVAKIA LEVEL OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITY AND NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET FOR THE SPORT AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY SECTOR



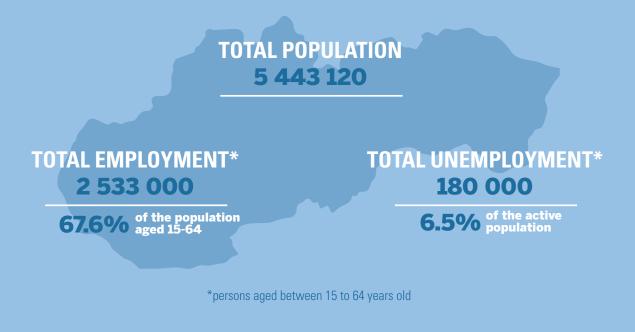


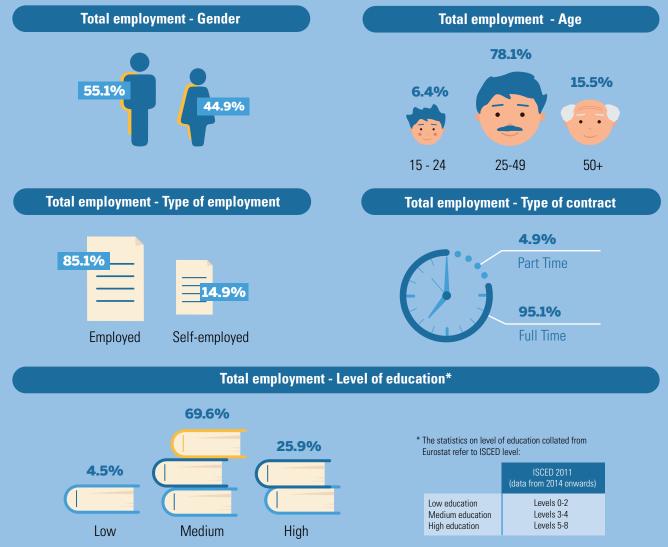




Source: Eurostat (2018)

**Population and Employment** 

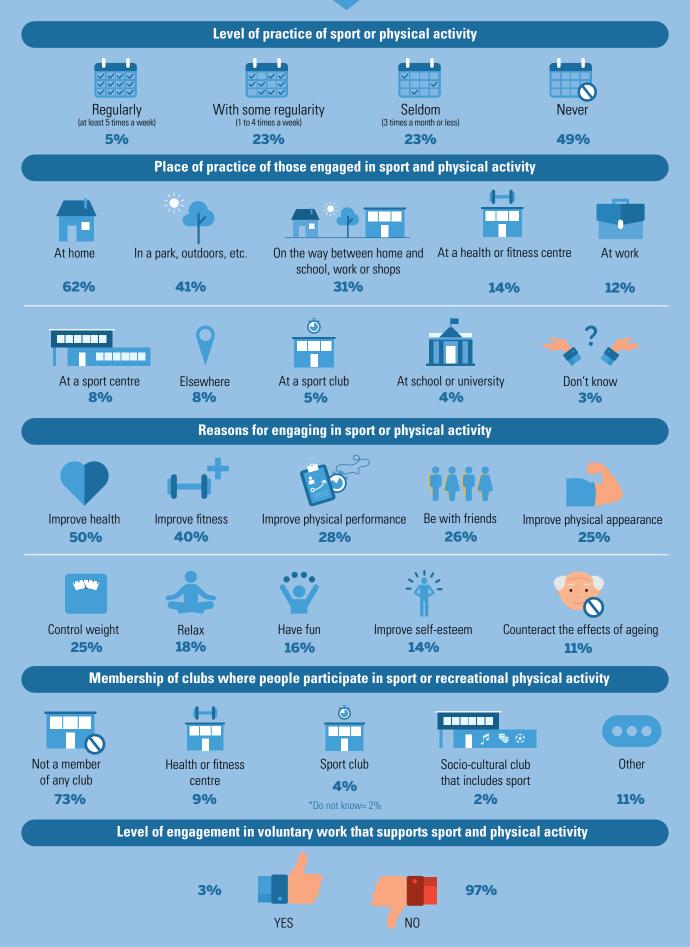




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Source: Special Eurobarometer 472 on Sport and physical activity (Publication March 2018) - n=1089





# THE SPORT AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY SECTOR AND ITS LABOUR MARKET



This section presents analysis from the official statistics collated at both national and European level through National Statistics Offices (NSO) and Eurostat. For the purpose of the fact sheet, data are provided for two different years to underline tendencies. These years can be different depending on the topic as we have not always been able to collate the same level of information/statistics for each year.

The collection of data has been a challenge and this analysis presents the best information available about the national sport labour market from the official statistics but is not necessarily the exact reality. Further discussion on the statistics can be found in the European report of the project.

**Scope:** the widest sport and physical activity sector defined by the Council of Europe (2001) as "all forms of physical activity which, through casual or organised participation, aim at expressing or improving physical fitness and mental well-being, forming social relationships or obtaining results in competition at all levels". In this fact sheet we are using the term "sport sector" having the meaning of the broad sector of "sport and physical activity".

## **3.1 SIZE AND CHARACTERISTICS OF THE NATIONAL SPORT LABOUR MARKET**

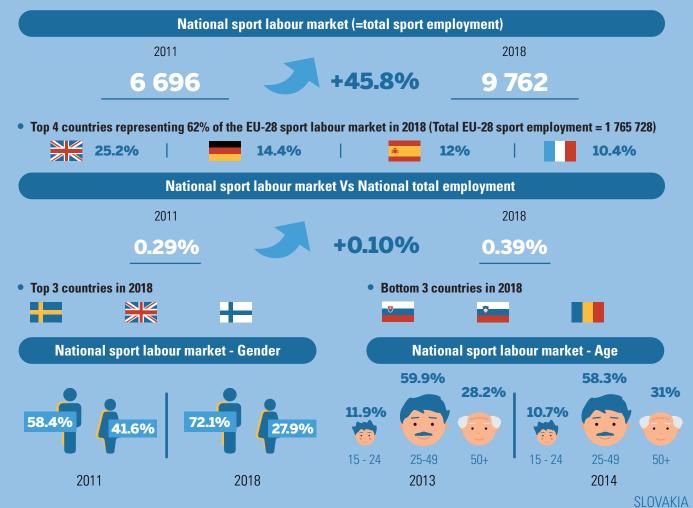
### **Sources: Eurostat and National Statistics Offices**

To summarise our statistical definition for the sport labour market, the work carried out in collaboration with National Statistics Offices (NSO) and Eurostat was to collate available statistics on the number of:

- Persons having a sport-specific occupation (ISCO 342\*) in an organisation whose main business is the provision of sport (NACE 93.1\*\*), e.g. professional athletes, coaches, instructors in a sport club
- Persons having a non-sport specific occupation (Other ISCO codes) in an organisation whose main business is the provision of sport (NACE 93.1), e.g. managers, receptionists in a sport federation
- Persons having a sport-specific occupation (ISCO 342) in an organisation whose main business is not the provision of sport (Other NACE codes), e.g. a fitness instructor working in a hotel

\* ISCO - "The international standard classification of occupations". ISCO divides jobs into 10 major groups of occupations and sport specific occupations are listed under ISCO3 Technicians and associate professionals and more precisely under the sub-group ISCO 342 Sport and Fitness Workers (3421 - Athletes and Sports Players; 3422 - Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials; 3423 - Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders).

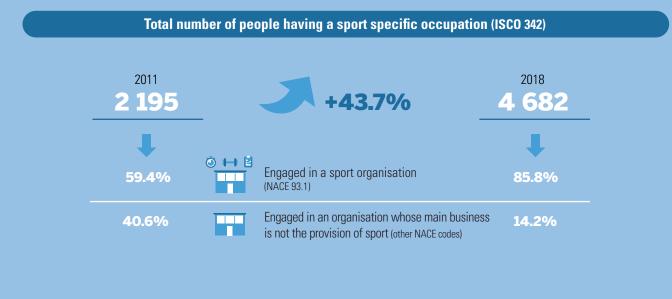
\*\* NACE - "Statistical classification of economic activities in the European Community". NACE is basically a four-digit classification providing the framework for collecting and presenting a large range of reliable and comparable statistical data according to economic activity. The codes under NACE 93.1 (Sport activities) define the organisations whose main business is the provision of sport (93.11 Operation of sports facilities; 93.12 Activities of sport clubs; 93.13 Fitness facilities; 93.19 Other sports activities).





### 3.2 FOCUS ON SPORT SPECIFIC OCCUPATIONS (ISCO 342)

(ISCO 3421 - Athletes and Sports Players; ISCO 3422 - Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials; ISCO 3423 - Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders)



### • Top 3 of the other NACE codes where sport specific occupations are engaged in 2016

46.8%				
23.1%		15.7%		
NACE 94.9: Activities of other membership organisations	NACE 85.5: Other education including sports and recreation education	NACE 84.2: Provision of services to the community		

### • Variance from 2014 to 2016

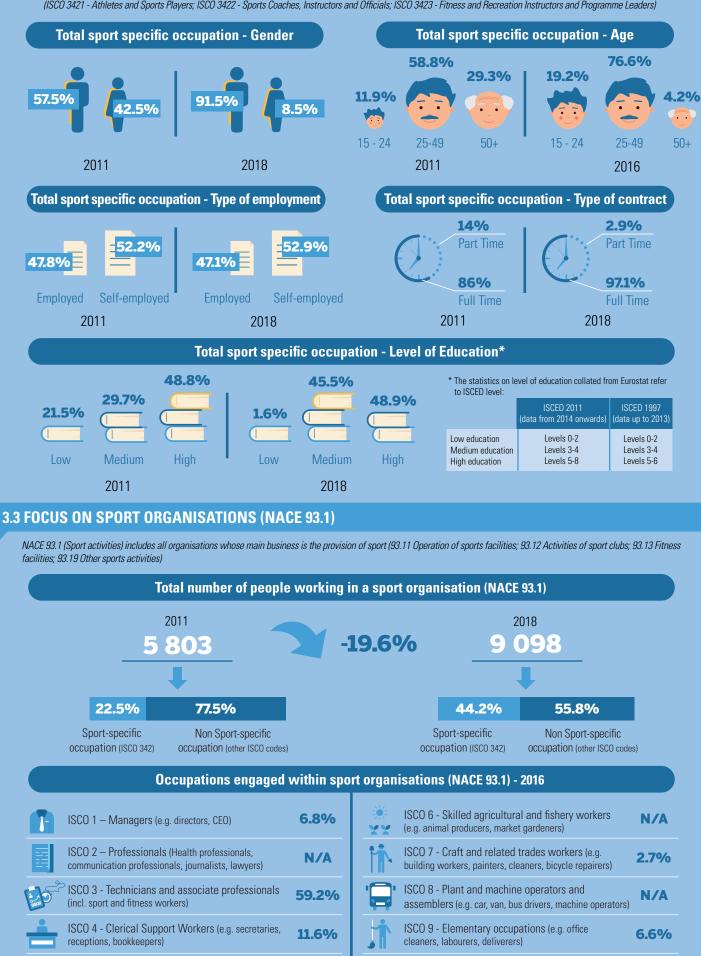
11	Athletes and Sports Players ISCO 3421	-38.6%
Es	Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials ISCO 3422	+68.6%
$\mapsto$	Fitness and Recreation Instructors & Programme Leaders - ISCO 3423	+18.1%

### • Proportion of sport occupation in 2016

11	Athletes and Sports Players ISCO 3421	15.4%
Bos	Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials ISCO 3422	57.4%
$\mapsto$	Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders - ISCO 3423	22.8%

### **CHARACTERISTICS OF PEOPLE HAVING A SPORT SPECIFIC OCCUPATION - ISCO 342**

(ISCO 3421 - Athletes and Sports Players; ISCO 3422 - Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials; ISCO 3423 - Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders)



13.2%

ISCO 5 - Service and sales workers (e.g. conductors,

cooks, waiters, lifeguards, sales workers)



# KEY ISSUES AND CHALLENGES FOR THE SPORT AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY SECTOR - n= 2930



This section presents the findings from the European Employer Skills Survey for the sport and physical activity sector carried out early 2019 and which gathered a total of 3,812 valid responses from sport employers across the whole European union.

• Expectations and priorities from Sport organisations have become • The sector is changing and national governments on sport more professional in recent years evolving, as a result the skills organisations are increasing needed by those working in the sector will change too 21.5% 60.8% 77.6% 12.8% 79% 9.4% • In the future there will be a demand for • It is difficult to find and recruit • It is difficult to find and recruit people with the right skills to a better qualified workforce operating people with the right skills to in sport organisations work as volunteers work as paid staff 66.8% 16.7% 50.8% 31.1% 60.8% 25.7% • It is important that staff have • New training courses are • Universities/ training providers access to ongoing training to keep required to meet the training should work more closely with their skills up to date needs of sport organisations sport organisations 91.5% 3.2% 71.9% 16.7% 79.9% 6.9% • Staff would benefit from learning • It is difficult to progress from a • The workforce of paid staff and volunteers in the sport and physical experiences in other countries to a management position activity sector needs to be inclusive 20.4% 51.1% 32% 71.5% 15.4% 57%

The missing percentages stand for the answer "I do not know" present in the initial survey. Respondents indicate their agreement/disagreement with the above statements.



# **THE PROJECT**

The aim of the ESSA-Sport project, funded by the European Commission under the Erasmus+ programme, was to establish a European Sector Skills Alliance covering the full breadth of the sport and physical activity sector across the EU.

The 3-year project, which concluded in October 2019, aimed to create a debate within the sector on the key issues of skills and workforce development which are central to helping the sector grow, to equip those working or volunteering with the right skills and to enable the sector to fulfil its potential as a social, health and economic driver.

The overall ambition was to create an evidential basis for change and improvement, to create a major consultation on skills and to build a lasting consultation network at national and EU level to take forward the conclusions and recommendations made in national and EU Reports.

The consortium, composed of 20 national coordinators and 5 European networks, is proud to have generated new knowledge and statistics included within this National Fact Sheet.

Further information on the identified skill needs and future priorities for the sector can be found in the detailed European Report as well as National Reports.



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