







1

THE OVERALL NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET IN 2018



Source: Eurostat (2018)

Population and Employment

TOTAL POPULATION 8822267

TOTAL EMPLOYMENT*
4 241 000

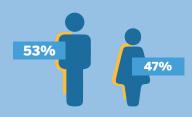
73% of the population aged 15-64

TOTAL UNEMPLOYMENT*

4.9% of the active population

*persons aged between 15 to 64 years old

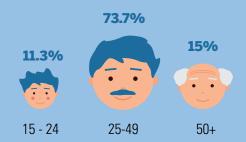
Total employment - Gender



Total employment - Type of employment



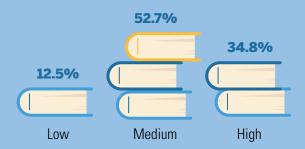
Total employment - Age



Total employment - Type of contract



Total employment - Level of education*



* The statistics on level of education collated from Eurostat refer to ISCED level:

	ISCED 2011 (data from 2014 onwards)
Low education	Levels 0-2
Medium education	Levels 3-4
High education	Levels 5-8

PRACTICE OF SPORT AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY



Source: Special Eurobarometer 472 on Sport and physical activity (Publication March 2018) - n=1021

Level of practice of sport or physical activity



Regularly (at least 5 times a week) 4%



With some regularity (1 to 4 times a week) 34%



Seldom (3 times a month or less) 22%



40%

Place of practice of those engaged in sport and physical activity



In a park, outdoors, etc.



At home



On the way between home and school, work or shops



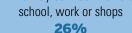
At a health or fitness centre



At a sport club

54%





21%

13%



At work 12%



At a sport centre 9%



At school or university 6%



Elsewhere 5%



Don't know 3%

Reasons for engaging in sport or physical activity



Improve health 56%



Improve fitness 45%



Relax 36%



Have fun 44%



Improve physical performance 35%



Control weight 32%



Be with friends 30%



Improve physical appearance 26%



Counteract the effects of ageing 24%



Improve self-esteem 18%

Membership of clubs where people participate in sport or recreational physical activity



67%



Health or fitness centre 16%



Sport club

13%



Socio-cultural club that includes sport 5%



Other

4%

Level of engagement in voluntary work that supports sport and physical activity





3.

THE SPORT AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY SECTOR AND ITS LABOUR MARKET



AUSTRIA

This section presents analysis from the official statistics collated at both national and European level through National Statistics Offices (NSO) and Eurostat. For the purpose of the fact sheet, data are provided for two different years to underline tendencies. These years can be different depending on the topic as we have not always been able to collate the same level of information/statistics for each year.

The collection of data has been a challenge and this analysis presents the best information available about the national sport labour market from the official statistics but is not necessarily the exact reality. Further discussion on the statistics can be found in the European report of the project.

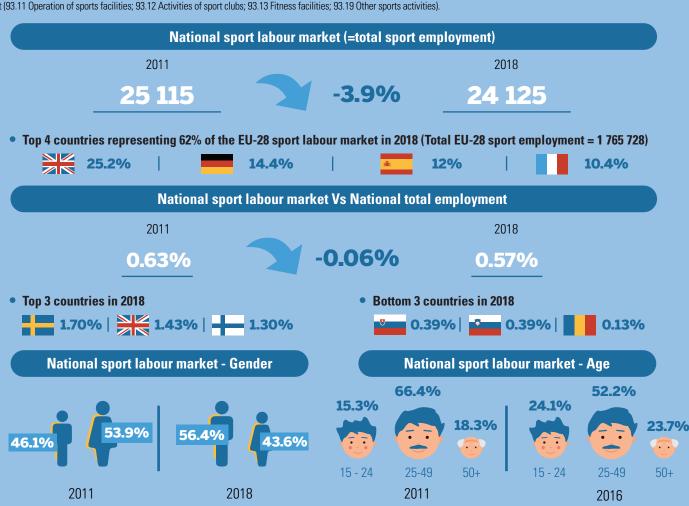
Scope: the widest sport and physical activity sector defined by the Council of Europe (2001) as "all forms of physical activity which, through casual or organised participation, aim at expressing or improving physical fitness and mental well-being, forming social relationships or obtaining results in competition at all levels". In this fact sheet we are using the term "sport sector" having the meaning of the broad sector of "sport and physical activity".

3.1 SIZE AND CHARACTERISTICS OF THE NATIONAL SPORT LABOUR MARKET

Sources: Eurostat and National Statistics Offices

To summarise our statistical definition for the sport labour market, the work carried out in collaboration with National Statistics Offices (NSO) and Eurostat was to collate available statistics on the number of:

- Persons having a sport-specific occupation (ISCO 342*) in an organisation whose main business is the provision of sport (NACE 93.1**), e.g. professional athletes, coaches, instructors in a sport club
- Persons having a non-sport specific occupation (Other ISCO codes) in an organisation whose main business is the provision of sport (NACE 93.1), e.g.
 managers, receptionists in a sport federation
- Persons having a sport-specific occupation (ISCO 342) in an organisation whose main business is not the provision of sport (Other NACE codes), e.g. a fitness instructor working in a hotel
- * ISCO "The international standard classification of occupations". ISCO divides jobs into 10 major groups of occupations and sport specific occupations are listed under ISCO3 Technicians and associate professionals and more precisely under the sub-group ISCO 342 Sport and Fitness Workers (3421 Athletes and Sports Players; 3422 Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials; 3423 Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders).
- ** NACE "Statistical classification of economic activities in the European Community". NACE is basically a four-digit classification providing the framework for collecting and presenting a large range of reliable and comparable statistical data according to economic activity. The codes under NACE 93.1 (Sport activities) define the organisations whose main business is the provision of sport (93.11 Operation of sports facilities; 93.12 Activities of sport clubs; 93.13 Fitness facilities; 93.19 Other sports activities).



National sport labour market - Type of employment

71.9% 27.8%



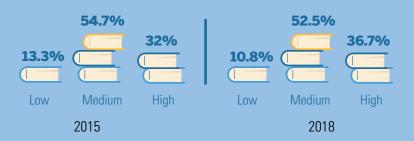




Self-employed Employed

Employed Self-employed 2011 2018

National sport labour market - Level of education*



* The statistics on level of education collated from Eurostat refer to ISCED level:

National sport labour market - Type of contract

	ISCED 2011 (data from 2014 onwards)	ISCED 1997 (data up to 2013)
Low education	Levels 0-2	Levels 0-2
Medium education	Levels 3-4	Levels 3-4
High education	Levels 5-8	Levels 5-6

3.2 FOCUS ON SPORT SPECIFIC OCCUPATIONS (ISCO 342)

(ISCO 3421 - Athletes and Sports Players; ISCO 3422 - Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials; ISCO 3423 - Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders)

Total number of people having a sport specific occupation (ISCO 342)



Top 3 of the other NACE codes where sport specific occupations are engaged in 2016



Variance from 2011 to 2018

	11	Athletes and Sports Players ISCO 3421	-27.8%
		Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials ISCO 3422	+44.1%
Fitness and Rec Programme Lea		Fitness and Recreation Instructors & Programme Leaders - ISCO 3423	+65.2%

Proportion of sport occupation in 2018

11	Athletes and Sports Players ISCO 3421	7.3%
	Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials ISCO 3422	37.8%
\mapsto	Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders - ISCO 3423	54.9%

CHARACTERISTICS OF PEOPLE HAVING A SPORT SPECIFIC OCCUPATION - ISCO 342

(ISCO 3421 - Athletes and Sports Players; ISCO 3422 - Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials; ISCO 3423 - Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders)

Total sport specific occupation - Gender Total sport specific occupation - Age 59.9% 69% 21.2% 22.2% 9.8% 17.9% 51.9% 35.5% 15 - 24 15 - 24 25-49 50+ 25-49 50+ 2011 2018 2011 2017 Total sport specific occupation - Type of employment Total sport specific occupation - Type of contract 55.6% 39% Part Time Part Time 65.4% 57.5% 34.6% 42.5% 61% 44.4% **Employed** Self-employed **Employed** Self-employed **Full Time** Full Time 2011 2018 2011 2018 Total sport specific occupation - Level of Education* 70.7% * The statistics on level of education collated from Eurostat refer 56.5% to ISCED level: 19.2% 37.2% ISCED 1997 10.1% 6.3% (data from 2014 onwards) (data up to 2013) Low education Levels 0-2 Levels 0-2

3.3 FOCUS ON SPORT ORGANISATIONS (NACE 93.1)

High

Low

Medium

2011

Low

NACE 93.1 (Sport activities) includes all organisations whose main business is the provision of sport (93.11 Operation of sports facilities; 93.12 Activities of sport clubs; 93.13 Fitness facilities; 93.19 Other sports activities)

Medium

2018

High

Total number of people working in a sport organisation (NACE 93.1)



Occupations engaged within sport organisations (NACE 93.1) - 2016

	ISCO 1 – Managers (e.g. directors, CEO)	0.5%	×	ISCO 6 - Skilled agricultural and fishery workers (e.g. animal producers, market gardeners)	1.9%
圓	ISCO 2 — Professionals (Health professionals, communication professionals, journalists, lawyers)	3%	T.	ISCO 7 - Craft and related trades workers (e.g. building workers, painters, cleaners, bicycle repairers)	1%
P	ISCO 3 - Technicians and associate professionals (incl. sport and fitness workers)	40.4%	'=	ISCO 8 - Plant and machine operators and assemblers (e.g. car, van, bus drivers, machine operators)	0%
	ISCO 4 - Clerical Support Workers (e.g. secretaries, receptions, bookkeepers)	14.2%	Ť	ISCO 9 - Elementary occupations (e.g. office cleaners, labourers, deliverers)	14.5%
-	ISCO 5 - Service and sales workers (e.g. conductors, cooks, waiters, lifequards, sales workers)	24.5%			

Levels 3-4

Levels 5-8

Levels 3-4

Levels 5-6

Medium education

High education

KEY ISSUES AND CHALLENGES FOR THE SPORT AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY SECTOR - n= 2930



This section presents the findings from the European Employer Skills Survey for the sport and physical activity sector carried out early 2019 and which gathered a total of 3,812 valid responses from sport employers across the whole European union.

 Expectations and priorities from national governments on sport organisations are increasing





 Sport organisations have become more professional in recent years



77.6%



12.8%

 The sector is changing and evolving, as a result the skills needed by those working in the sector will change too



79%



9.4%

• In the future there will be a demand for a better qualified workforce operating in sport organisations



66.8%



16.7%

• It is difficult to find and recruit people with the right skills to work as paid staff



50.8%



31.1%

• It is difficult to find and recruit people with the right skills to work as volunteers



60.8%



25.7%

• It is important that staff have access to ongoing training to keep their skills up to date



91.5%



3.2%

 New training courses are required to meet the training needs of sport organisations



71.9%



16.7%

• Universities/ training providers should work more closely with sport organisations



79.9%



6.9%

• It is difficult to progress from a to a management position



51.1%



volunteers in the sport and physical activity sector needs to be inclusive

The workforce of paid staff and



71.5%



15.4%

 Staff would benefit from learning experiences in other countries



57%



20.4%



THE PROJECT

The aim of the ESSA-Sport project, funded by the European Commission under the Erasmus+ programme, was to establish a European Sector Skills Alliance covering the full breadth of the sport and physical activity sector across the EU.

The 3-year project, which concluded in October 2019, aimed to create a debate within the sector on the key issues of skills and workforce development which are central to helping the sector grow, to equip those working or volunteering with the right skills and to enable the sector to fulfil its potential as a social, health and economic driver.

The overall ambition was to create an evidential basis for change and improvement, to create a major consultation on skills and to build a lasting consultation network at national and EU level to take forward the conclusions and recommendations made in national and EU Reports.

The consortium, composed of 20 national coordinators and 5 European networks, is proud to have generated new knowledge and statistics included within this National Fact Sheet.

Further information on the identified skill needs and future priorities for the sector can be found in the detailed European Report as well as National Reports.



www.essa-sport.eu www.eose.org



CONTACT DETAILS:

EOSE-1, Grande rue des Feuillants -69001 Lyon - France eosesec@eose.org // 0033 (0) 437 431 939

PARTNERSHIP



















































